



#### PRODUCT DATA SHEET

# Native HUMAN PLACENTA Laminin-111 (Lm111), solution

Comprising highly purified, gammasterilized native human laminin-111 (Lm111) prepared from human placenta tissue. Transferring placenta over to THT Biomaterials is based on an informed consent from the newborn's mother.

Catalog Number #THT0201001-1/5/10 mL

# **Product description**

Laminins are major components of basement membranes surrounding nerve or vascular tissues. Laminin-111, the prototype of the family, facilitates a large spectrum of fundamental cellular responses in all eukaryotic cells. HUMAN PLACENTA Laminin-111 facilitates *in vitro* cultivation of cells and enhances cell-specific morphology and function. Please refer to certificate of analysis of the product for detailed information.

### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling procedures.

# **Storage**

-20°C up to 6 months, -80°C up to 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze thaw cycles.

### **Application note**

The optimal concentration for cell attachment and culture may differ for different cell types, and experimentation may be required to determine the optimal

conditions for your cell culture experiments.

#### **Guidelines for use**

- Prepare Lm111 in your desired coating concentration. If necessary, dilute the stock solution with PBS buffer, distilled water, or cell culture medium. A coating concentration of at least 2 µg/mL is recommended.
- Add sufficient volume of Lm111 to each well. It is important that the volume added to the dish is sufficient to cover the growth surface.
- 3. Keep the plate completely covered and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- Tilt the plate to allow excess Lm111 to drain to the lowest point and remove the remaining excess material with a sterile pipette and use it for your experiments.

### References

- Hackethal J, Schuh CMAP, Hofer A, Meixner B, Hennerbichler S, Redl H, Teuschl AH. Human Placenta Laminin-111 as a Multifunctional Protein for Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine. Adv Exp Med Biol. 2018;1077:3-17.
- Schuh CM, Monforte X, Hackethal J, Redl H, Teuschl AH. Covalent binding of placental derived proteins to silk fibroin improves schwann cell adhesion and proliferation. J Mater Sci Mater Med. 2016 Dec;27(12):188.

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